Epi Week: 45 2020

Lassa Fever Situation Report





Nigeria Centre for Disease Control

Protecting the health of Nigerians

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Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 45: 2 – 8 November 2020

Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (45), cumulative from Epi week 01–45, 2020 and comparison with previous year (2019)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases) State(s): 2 LGA(s): 2	
Current week (week 45)	98	5	0	1	20.0%		
2020 Cumulative (week 1-45)	6161	1136	14	234	20.6%	State(s): 27 LGA(s): 130	
2019 Cumulative (week 1-45)	4500	764	19	160	20.9%	State(s): 23 LGA(s): 86	

Highlights

- In week 45, the number of new confirmed cases decreased from 11 in week 44, 2020 to 5 cases. These were reported from 2 States (Ondo and Edo) (Table 3).
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 45, 2020, 234 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 20.6% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2019 (20.9%).
- In total for 2020, 27 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 130 Local Government Areas (Figure 2 and 3).
- Of all confirmed cases, 74% are from Ondo (35%), Edo (32%) and Ebonyi (7%) States.
- The predominant age-group affected is 21-30 years (Range: <1 to 99 years, Median Age: 30 years). The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.9 (Figure 4).
- The number of suspected cases has significantly increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2019.
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 45.
- Lassa fever outbreak emergency phase declared over on the 28th of April 2020 based on composite indicators national threshold.
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels.

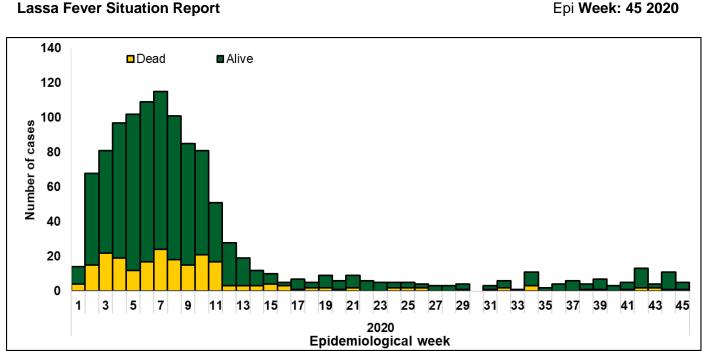


Figure 1. Epidemic curve of confirmed Lassa fever cases from epidemiological week 01 to 45, 2020

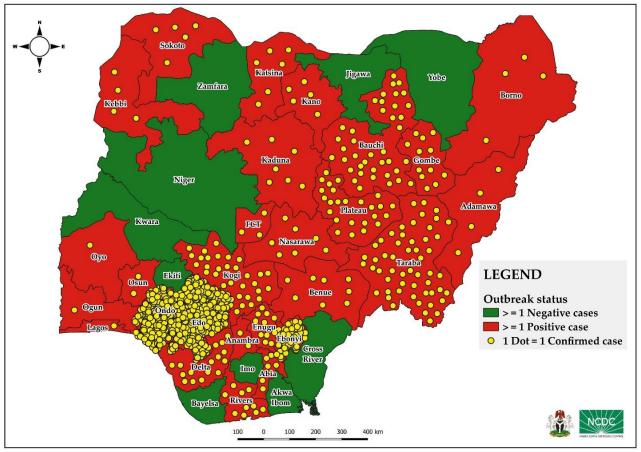


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 01- 45, 2020

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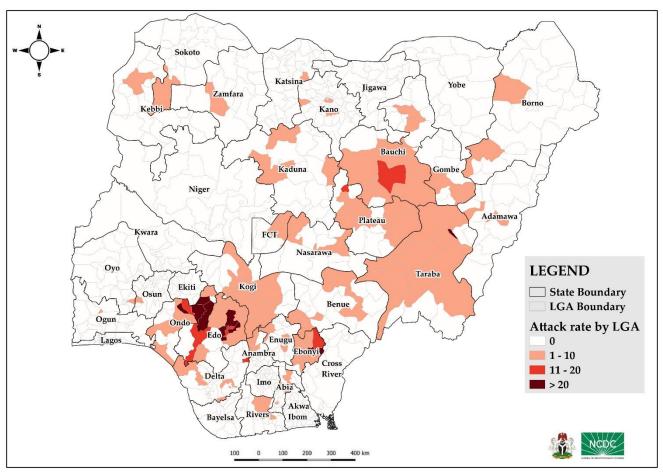


Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 01-45, 2020

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2020 and trend compared	ared to previous week, Nigeria
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Indicator	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2020	
Probable cases	0	$\leftarrow \rightarrow$	14	
Health Care Worker affected	0	$\leftarrow \rightarrow$	45	
Cases undergoing treatment in Treatment centres	4	Ļ	1154	
Contact tracing				
Cumulative contact listed	0	Ļ	10098	
Contacts under follow up	14	Ļ	14	
Contacts completed follow up	10	Ŷ	9983	
Symptomatic contacts	0	$\leftarrow \rightarrow$	172	
Positive contacts	0	$\leftarrow \rightarrow$	57	
Contacts lost to follow up	0	$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$	44	

Key

Increase Decrease

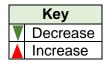
No difference

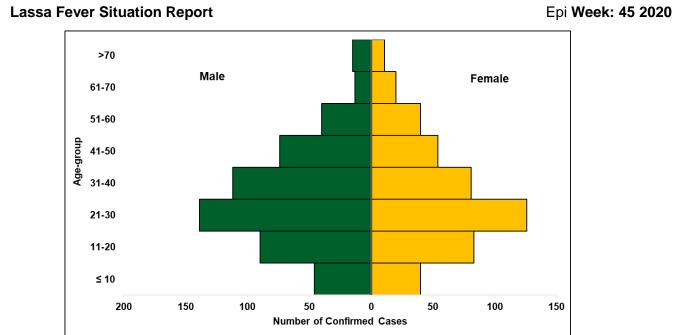
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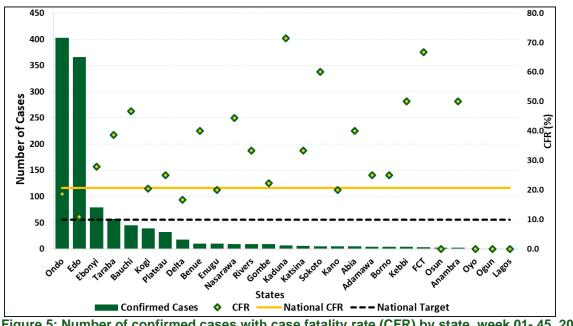
 Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2020

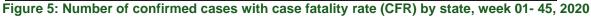
		Current week: (Week 45)							Cumulative (Week 1 - 45)				
	Ctator		Ca	ses	1		Deaths		Cases			Deaths	
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)	
1	Abia	1						60	5			2	
2	Adamawa							19	4			1	
3	Akwa Ibom							12					
4	Anambra							34	2			1	
5	Bauchi	7		V				347	45	3	7	21	
6	Bayelsa							6					
7	Benue	1						49	10		1	4	
8	Borno							34	4		1	1	
9	Cross River							14					
10	Delta	10						152	18		3	3	
11	Ebonyi	8		V				346	79		1	22	
12	Edo	42	1					2543	366	1	10	40	
13	Ekiti							14					
14	Enugu							69	10			2	
15	FCT							72	3			2	
16	Gombe	2						55	9	1	1	2	
17	Imo							21					
18	Jigawa							30			1		
19	Kaduna	1						131	7	2	1	5	
20	Kano							15	5	2	3	1	
21	Katsina							50	6	1	1	2	
22	Kebbi							31	4			2	
23	Коді	1						115	39	1		8	
24	Kw ara							15					
25	Lagos							33	1				
26	Nasarawa							47	9			4	
27	Niger							10					
28	Ogun							36	1				
29	Ondo	23	4				1	1368	403	1	14	75	
30	Osun							32	2				
31	Оуо							13	1				
32	Plateau	2						172				8	
33	Rivers							22				3	
34	Sokoto							25				3	
35	Taraba							146	57	2	1		
36	Yobe							5					
	Zamfara							18					
	Total	98	5	V	0	0	1	6161	1136	14	45	234	

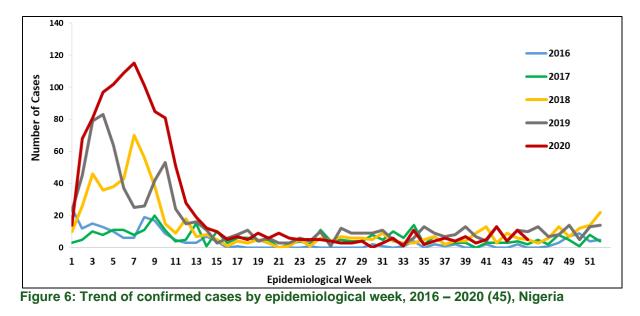












Lassa Fever Situation Report Table 5: Response activities

- The National multisectoral Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) was activated to coordinate response activities across States. States with confirmed cases have activated statelevel EOCs.
- National Rapid Response Teams have been deployed from NCDC to support response activities in ten States
- Surge staff (Doctors, Nurses, Laboratorians and Hygienist) deployed to ISTH and FMC Owo
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The five Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- NCDC is working to support every state in Nigeria to identify one treatment centre, while supporting existing ones with care, treatment and IPC commodities
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever Environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- **Suspected case**: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- **Confirmed case**: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- **Contact:** Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

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Calculations

• Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only

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