



Nigeria Centre for Disease Control

Protecting the health of Nigerians

Epi **Week: 47 2020**

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Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 47: 16 - 22 November 2020

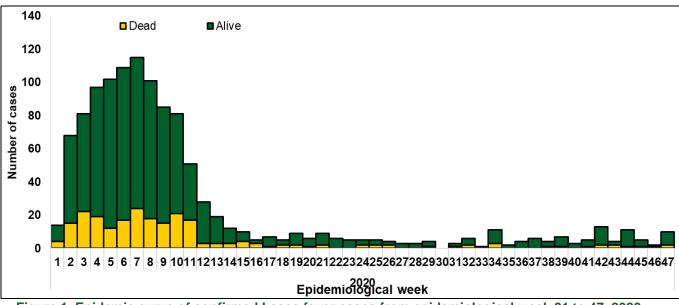
Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (47), cumulative from Epi week 01–47, 2020 and comparison with previous year (2019)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable Cases Deaths (Confirme cases)		Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)		
Current week (week 46)	81	10	0	2	20.0%	State(s): 5 LGA(s): 5		
2020 Cumulative (week 1-47)	6333	1148	14	237	20.6%	State(s): 27 LGA(s): 130		
2019 Cumulative (week 1-47)	4681	785	19	160	20.4%	State(s): 23 LGA(s): 86		

Highlights

- In week 47, the number of new confirmed cases increased from 2 in week 46, 2020 to 10 cases. These were reported from 5 States (Bauchi, Edo, Ebonyi, Ondo and Kogi) (Table 3).
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 47, 2020, 237 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 20.6% which is higher than the CFR for the same period in 2019 (20.4%).
- In total for 2020, 27 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 130 Local Government Areas (Figure 2 and 3).
- Of all confirmed cases, 75% are from Ondo (36%), Edo (32%) and Ebonyi (7%) States.
- The predominant age-group affected is 21-30 years (Range: <1 to 99 years, Median Age: 30 years). The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.9 (Figure 4).
- The number of suspected cases has significantly increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2019.
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 47.
- Lassa fever outbreak emergency phase declared over on the 28th of April 2020 based on composite indicators national threshold.
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels.



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Figure 1. Epidemic curve of confirmed Lassa fever cases from epidemiological week 01 to 47, 2020

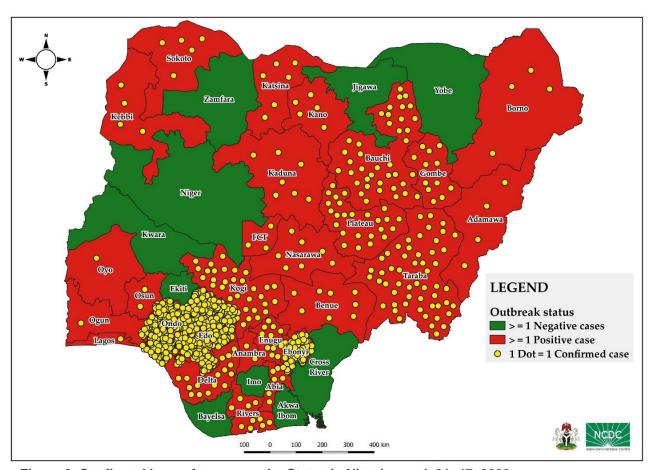
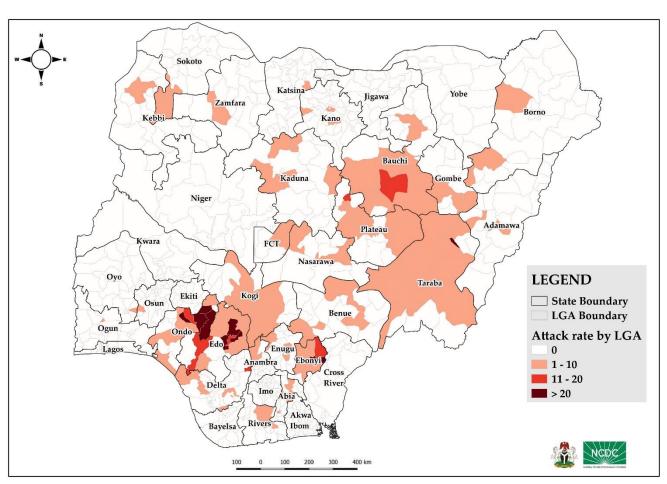


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 01-47, 2020



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Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 01-47, 2020

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2020 and trend compared to previous week, Nigeria

Indicator	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2020		
Probable cases	0	←→	14		
Health Care Worker affected	0	←→	46		
Cases undergoing treatment in Treatment centres	10	↑	1166		
Contact tracing					
Cumulative contact listed	13	↑	10098		
Contacts under follow up	9	↑	9		
Contacts completed follow up	5	↑	9988		
Symptomatic contacts	0	←→	172		
Positive contacts	0	←→	57		
Contacts lost to follow up	0	←→	44		

Key

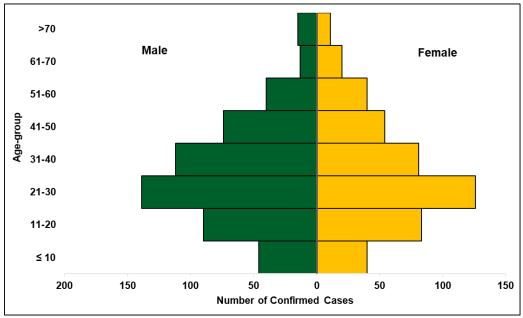
Increase
Decrease
No difference

Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2020

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			Curr	')	Cumulative (Week 1 - 47)						
	States		Ca	ses		Deaths		Cases			Deaths
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable HCV	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)
1	Abia	1					61	5			2
2	Adamawa						20	4			1
3	Akwa Ibom						12				
4	Anambra						34	2			1
5	Bauchi	10	4	A		1	360	49	3	7	22
6	Bayelsa						7				
7	Benue						49	10		1	4
8	Borno						34	4		1	1
9	Cross River						14				
10	Delta	2					157	18		3	3
11	Ebonyi	10	1	A		1	362	80		1	23
12	Edo	34	3	A			2624	369	1	9	40
13	Ekiti						14				
14	Enugu	2					71	10			2
15	FCT	1					73	3			2
16	Gombe						55	9	1	1	2
17	lmo						21				
18	Jigawa						30			1	
19	Kaduna						132	7	2	1	5
20	Kano						15	5	2	3	1
21	Katsina						50	6	1	1	2
22	Kebbi						31	4			2
23	Kogi	1	1	A			116	40	1		8
24	Kw ara						15				
25	Lagos						33	1			
	Nasarawa	2					49	9			4
27	Niger						10				
28	Ogun	4					40	1			
29	Ondo	13	1	•			1403	406	1	16	76
30	Osun	1					34	2			
31	Оуо						13	1			
32	Plateau						178	32			8
33	Rivers						22	9			3
34	Sokoto						25	5			3
35	Taraba						146	57	2	1	22
36	Yobe						5				
	Zamfara						18				
	Total	81	10	A	0 (2	6333	1148	14	46	237

Key					
Decrease					
Increase					



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Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2020

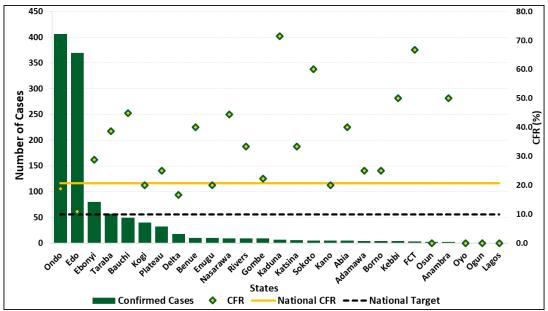


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state, week 01-47, 2020

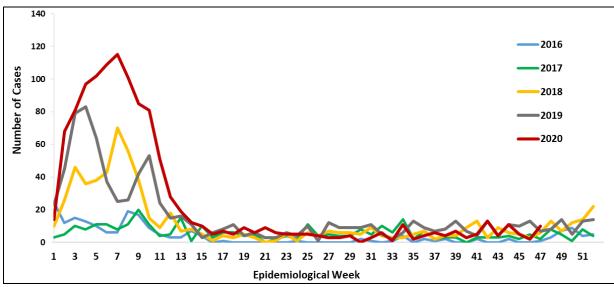


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2016 – 2020 (47), Nigeria

Lassa Fever Situation Report Response activities

 The National multisectoral Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) was activated to coordinate response activities across States. States with confirmed cases have activated statelevel EOCs.

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- National Rapid Response Teams have been deployed from NCDC to support response activities in ten States
- Surge staff (Doctors, Nurses, Laboratorians and Hygienist) deployed to ISTH and FMC Owo
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The five Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- NCDC is working to support every state in Nigeria to identify one treatment centre, while supporting existing ones with care, treatment and IPC commodities
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever Environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- **Confirmed case**: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only