



Nigeria Centre for Disease Control

Protecting the health of Nigerians

www.ncdc.gov.ng

PLOT 801 EBITU UKIWE STREET, JABI ABUJA, NIGERIA. TOLL FREE CALL: 0800-970000-10. Email: info@ncdc.gov.ng



y f @NCDCgov

Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 18: 26 April – 03 May 2020

Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (18), cumulative from Epi week 01–18, 2020 and comparison with previous year (2019)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)		
Current week (week 18)	64	5	0	2	40.0%	State(s): 4 LGA(s): 5		
2020 Cumulative (week 1-18)	4622	991	14	191	19.3%	State(s): 27 LGA(s): 128		
2019 Cumulative (week 1-18)	2374	565	15	128	22.7%	State(s): 21 LGA(s): 82		

Highlights

- In week 18, the number of new confirmed cases decreased from 8 cases in week 17, 2020 to 5 cases. These were reported from 4 States (Ondo, Plateau, Nasarawa and Kogi) (Table 3).
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 18, 2020, 191 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 19.3% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2019 (22.7%).
- In total for 2020, 27 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 128 Local Government Areas (Figure 2 and 3).
- Of all confirmed cases, 72% are from Edo (33%), Ondo (32%) and Ebonyi (7%) States.
- The predominant age-group affected is 21-30 years (Range: <1 to 78 years, Median Age: 33 years). The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:1.2 (Figure 4).
- The number of suspected cases has significantly increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2019.
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 18.
- Lassa fever outbreak emergency phase declared over on the 28th of April 2020 based on composite indicators national threshold.
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels.

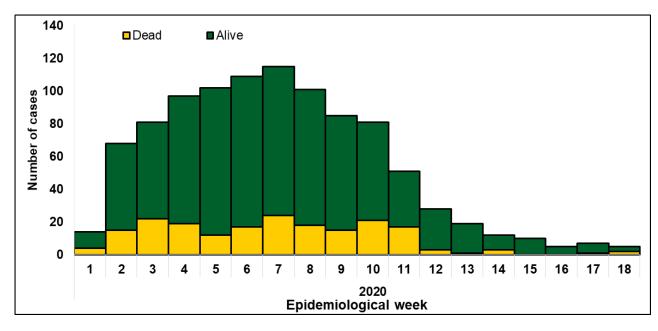


Figure 1. Epidemic curve of confirmed Lassa fever cases from epidemiological week 01 to 18, 2020

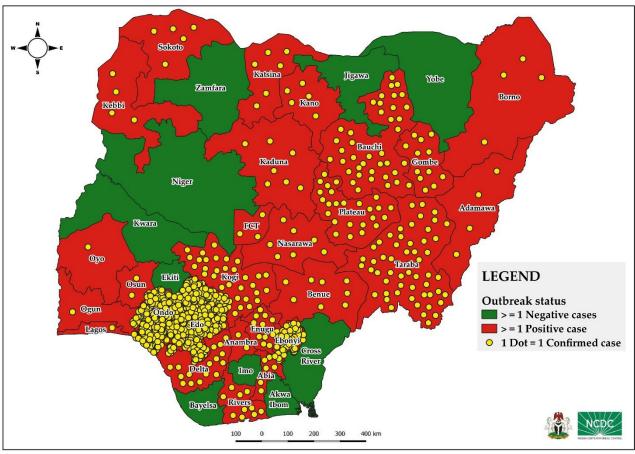
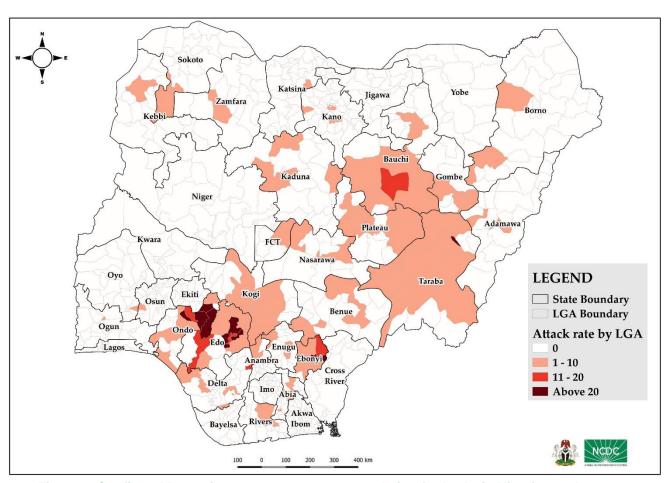


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 01-18, 2020

Lassa Fever Situation Report



Epi Week: 18 2020

Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 01-18, 2020

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2020 and trend compared to previous week, Nigeria

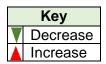
Indicator	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2020	
Probable cases	0	←→	14	
Health Care Worker affected	0	←→	37	
Cases undergoing treatment in Treatment centres	8	↓	1017	
Contact tracing				
Cumulative contact listed	27	↑	9677	
Contacts under follow up	99	↑	99	
Contacts completed follow up	47	↓	9518	
Symptomatic contacts	0	←→	168	
Positive contacts	0	←→	53	
Contacts lost to follow up	0	←→	7	

Increase
Decrease
No difference

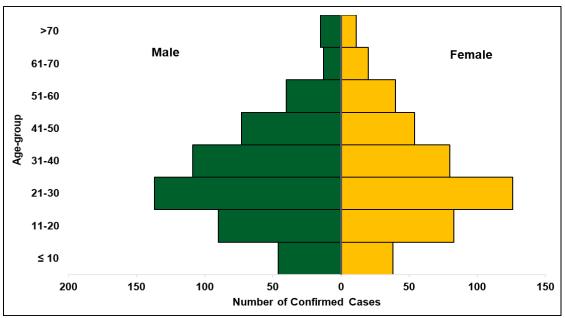
Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2020

Epi **Week: 18 2020**

		Current week: (Week 18)					Cumulative (Week 1 - 18)				
States		Cases				Deaths	Cases			Deaths	
	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW	(Confirmed Cases)
1 Abia							50	5			2
2 Adama	wa						17	4			1
3 Akwa I l	bom						12				
4 Anamb	ra 1						27	2			1
5 Bauchi							309	43	3	7	18
6 Bayelsa)						6				
7 Benue	3						35	8		1	3
8 Borno							30	4		1	1
9 Cross R	iver						12				
10 Delta	2						111	16		3	(
11 Ebonyi	4						263	73		1	16
12 Edo	22		▼				1783	321	1	10	39
13 Ekiti							14				
14 Enugu							59	10			2
15 FCT	1						69	3			
16 Gombe			▼				44	9	1	1	
17 Imo	1						19				
18 Jigawa	1						28			1	
19 Kaduna	ı						126	7	2	1	Ţ.
20 Kano							13	5	2	3	
21 Katsina							46	6	1	1	2
22 Kebbi	1						30	4			
23 Kogi	2	1					106	37	1		8
24 Kwara	1						14				
25 Lagos	1						32	1			
26 Nasara	wa 1	. 1	A			1	45	9			4
27 Niger							9				
28 Ogun							36	1			
29 Ondo	17	2	▼			1	908	320	1	6	45
30 Osun	1						31	2			
31 Oyo							12	1			
32 Plateau	5 5	1	A				125				7
33 Rivers							21				3
34 Sokoto							23				(
35 Taraba							134	56	2	1	21
36 Yobe							5				
37 Zamfar	a						18				
Total	64	5	▼	0	0	2	4622	991	14	37	191



Lassa Fever Situation Report



Epi Week: 18 2020

Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2020

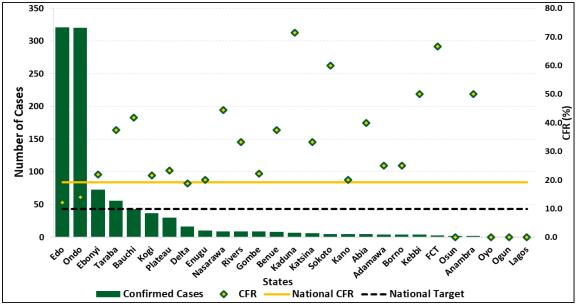


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state, week 01-18, 2020

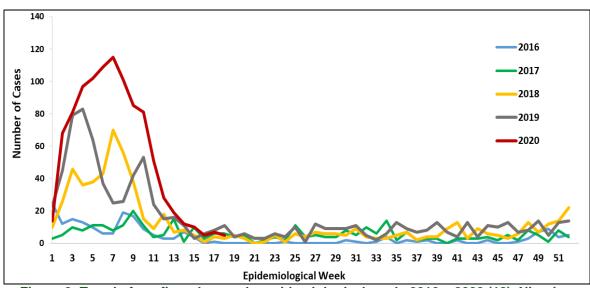


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2016 - 2020 (18), Nigeria

Response activities

 The National multisectoral Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) activated to coordinate response activities across States. States with confirmed cases have activated statelevel EOCs.

Epi **Week: 18 2020**

- National Rapid Response Teams have been deployed from NCDC to support response activities in ten States
- Surge staff (Doctors, Nurses, Laboratorians and Hygienist) deployed to ISTH and FMC Owo
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The five Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- NCDC is working to support every state in Nigeria to identify one treatment centre, while supporting existing ones with care, treatment and IPC commodities
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever Environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- **Confirmed case**: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever
- *Healthcare workers(HCW) infections may not necessarily be of nosocomial origin, proposed study to differentiate nosocomial healthcare worker infection from community infection

Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only