

## Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention

Protecting the health of Nigerians

Epi Week: 46 2022

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# **Lassa fever Situation Report**

Epi Week 46: 14 – 20 November 2022

# **Key Points**

Table 1: Summary of current week (46), cumulative from Epi week 1-46, 2022 and comparison with previous year (2021)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)		
Current week (week 46)	103	4	0	0 1 25.0%		State(s): 3 LGA(s): 4		
2022 Cumulative (week 46)	7492	989	37	178	18.0%	State(s): 26 LGA(s): 107		
2021 Cumulative (week 46)	3786	427	3	90	21.1%	State(s): 15 LGA(s): 61		

# **Highlights**

- In week 46, the number of new confirmed cases decreased from 10 in week 45, 2022 to 4 cases. These were reported from Ondo, Edo and Benue States (Table 3)
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 46, 2022, 178 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 18.0% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2021 (21.1%)
- In total for 2022, 26 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 107 Local Government Areas (Figures 2 and 3)
- Of all confirmed cases, 71% are from Ondo (33%), Edo (26%), and Bauchi (12%) States.
- The predominant age group affected is 21-30 years (Range: 0 to 90 years, Median Age: 30 years). The male-to-female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.8 (Figure 4)
- The number of suspected cases has increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2021
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 46
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels

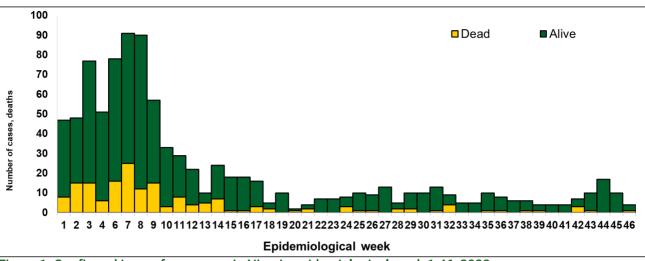


Figure 1. Confirmed Lassa fever cases in Nigeria epidemiological week 1-46, 2022

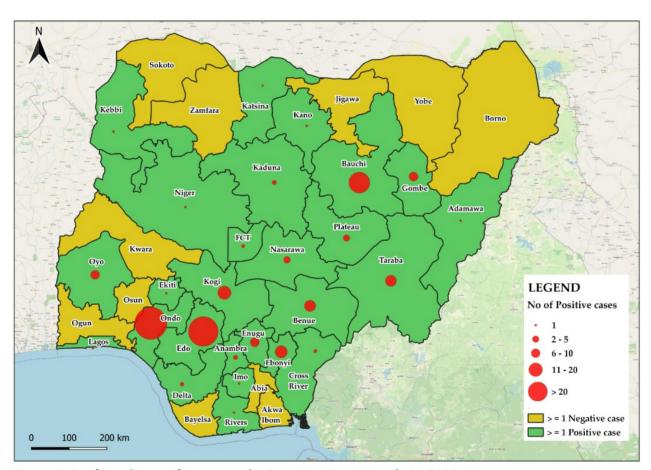


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 46, 2022

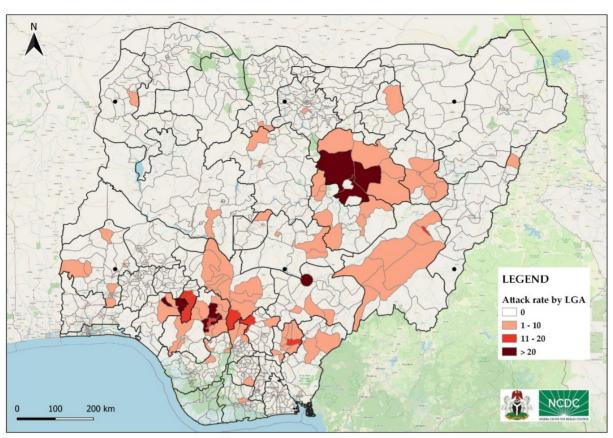


Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 46, 2022

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2022 and trend compared to previous week, Nigeria

Symptomatic contacts	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2022		
Probable cases	0		37		
Health Care W orker affected	0	M M	55		
Cases managed at the treatment centres	4	M	907		
C ontact tracing	•	•	•		
C umulative contact listed	2 5	M	3537		
C ontacts under follow up	38	M	38		
Contacts completed follow up	17	M	3439		
S ym ptom a tic contacts	0	M M	101		
Positive contacts	0	M M	49		
Contacts lost to follow up	0	M M	11		



		Current week: (Week 46)						Cumulative (W eek 1 - 46 )			
	States	Ca se s			Deaths		Cases			Deaths	
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable HCW *	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable H	CW *	(Confirmed Cases)
1	Ondo	20	2	▼			1530	328		11	54
2	Edo	66	1	•			2982	257		3	29
3	Bauchi						860	122		26	12
4	Kogi	1					139	49			9
5	Ebonyi	7		▼			276	43	1	3	19
6	Benue	4	1	_		1	278	37	2	3	9
7	Taraba	1					99	34	3	1	15
8	Gombe						249	24	8	2	8
9	Оуо			_			119	23	14	4	4
10	Enugu						98	22		1	3
11	Nasaraw a						124	12	5		6
12	Plateau	2					89	10			
13	Anambra						35	5			1
14	Delta			_			79	4			
15	Kaduna						93	4	3	1	3
16	Cross River						17	4			3
17	FCT						59	2			
18	l m o						55	1			
19	Ekiti						4	1			
20	Adamawa						19	1			
21	Niger						13	1			
22	Kebbi						7	1			
23	Lagos	1					49	1			1
24	Kano						38	1			1
25	Katsina						17	1			1
26	Rivers						11	1			
27	Zam fara						5				
28	Sokoto	1					4				
29	Akwa Ibom						8				
30	0 su n						8		1		
31	Yobe						29				
32	Abia						22				
33	Borno						20				
34	Bayelsa						8				
35	Jigaw a						9				
	O gu n						20				
	Kw ara						14				
	Total	103	4	_	0 0	1	7486	989	37	5 5	178

Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2022



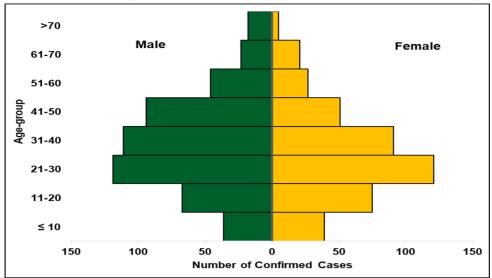


Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing the number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2022

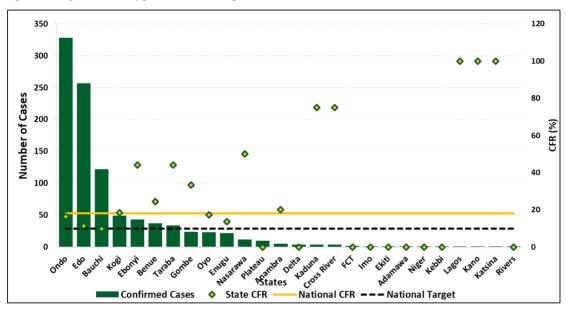


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state week 46, 2022

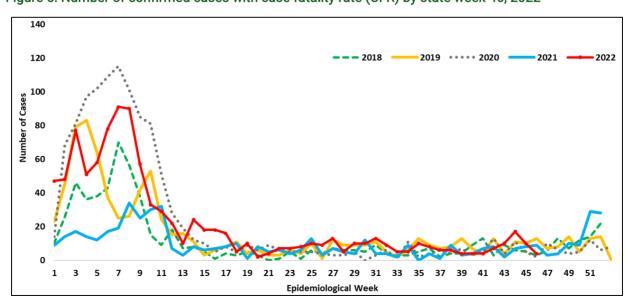


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2018 - 2022, Nigeria

## Response activities

 Collaborated with World Health Organization (WHO), Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovation (CEPI), and Africa Centre for Disease Control (ACDC) in a workshop towards accelerating the licensure of Lassa fever Vaccines

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- Implementation of Nigeria Lassa fever epidemiological Study supported by CEPI
- Implementation of human centred design risk communication activities in most affected States
- Supported Federal Ministry of Health and Irrua Specialist Teaching Hospital Edo State on training of health care workers for clinical management of Lassa fever
- Conducted sub-national Lassa fever surveillance and response intensive workshop
- Deployed of National Rapid Respond Teams (NRRT) to Nasarawa, FCT, Edo, Ondo, Bauchi, Ebonyi, Oyo,
  Taraba, and Benue to support the response to Lassa fever during the emergency phase
- Supported Lassa fever treatment centre with the engagement of adhoc data clerks to upload case management data on SORMAS
- Continuous distribution of medical response commodities to states and treatment centres across
  Nigeria
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media, and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The Eight Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested, and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- Confirmed cases are treated at designated treatment centres across the states
- Dissemination of reviewed case management and safe burial practices guidelines
- Dissemination of reviewed Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) guideline and health facility IPC advisory
- The 2022 National Emergency Operations Centre response mode was activated in January 2022 and de -escalated in May 2022
- Lassa fever TWG continues to provide effective multi-sectoral, multi-disciplinary coordination of Lassa fever response
- Lassa fever preparedness assessment carried out for 36 States and FCT at the onset of the outbreak
- Lassa fever alert letters sent to States at the onset of outbreak towards preparedness for the outbreak

# Notes on this report

**Data Source** 

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

## Case definitions

 Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever

case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.

- Confirmed case: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions. excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

#### Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only

#### VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

For social mobilization <a href="https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/83\_1517222929.pdf">https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/83\_1517222929.pdf</a> For LGA Rapid Response Team https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/82\_1517222811.pdf Healthcare worker laboratory https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/81\_1517222763.pdf For healthcare workers https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/80\_1517222586.pdf For community informant https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/79\_1517222512.pdf

#### NATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR LASSA FEVER CASE MANAGEMENT

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/92\_1547068532.pdf

VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC FEVER AND RESPONSE PLAN

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24\_1502192155.pdf

NATIONAL GUIDELINE FOR INFECTION, PREVENTION AND CONTROL FOR VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24\_1502192155.pdf

INFROMATION RESOURCE

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