Epi Week: 43 2022



Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention

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Lassa fever Situation Report

Epi Week 43: 24 - 30 October 2022

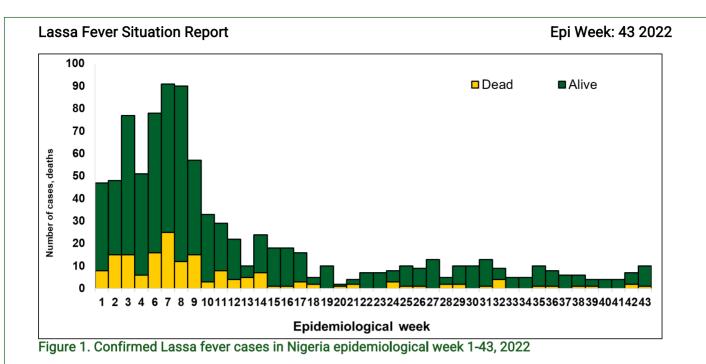
Key Points

Table 1: Summary of current week (43), cumulative from Epi week 1–43, 2022 and comparison with previous year (2021)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)
Current week (week 43)	108	10	0	1	10.0%	State(s): 3 LGA(s): 5
2022 Cumulative (week 43)	7183	958	37	176	18.4%	State(s): 26 LGA(s): 106
2021 Cumulative (week 43)	3495	403	3	89	22.1%	State(s): 15 LGA(s): 61

Highlights

- In week 43, the number of new confirmed cases increased from 7 in week 42, 2022 to 10 cases. These were reported from Edo, Ondo and Cross River States (Table 3)
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 43, 2022, 176 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 18.4% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2021 (22.1%)
- In total for 2022, 26 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 106 Local Government Areas (Figures 2 and 3)
- Of all confirmed cases, 71% are from Ondo (33%), Edo (25%), and Bauchi (13%) States.
- The predominant age group affected is 21-30 years (Range: 0 to 90 years, Median Age: 30 years). The male-to-female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.8 (Figure 4)
- The number of suspected cases has increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2021
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 43
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels



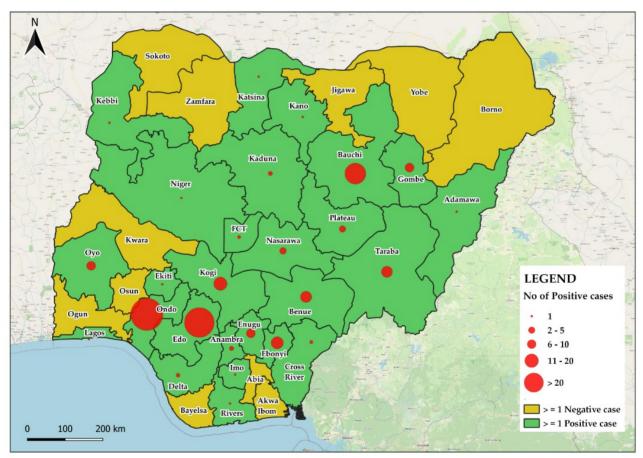


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 43, 2022

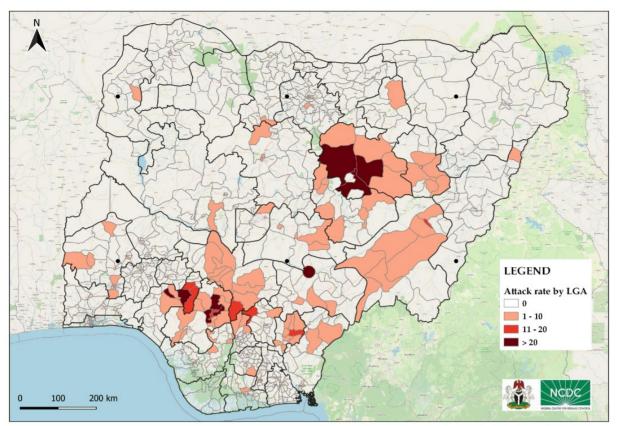


Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 43, 2022

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2022 and tre	rend compared to previous week, Nigeria
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Symptomatic contacts	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2022	
Probable cases	0		37	
Health Care W orker affected	0		55	
Cases managed at the treatment centres	10	Ø	877	
Contact tracing				
Cumulative contact listed	0		3467	
Contacts under follow up	13	×	13	
Contacts completed follow up	0	Ø	3394	
Symptomatic contacts	0	2 2	101	
Positive contacts	0	XX	49	
Contacts lost to follow up	0	Ø Ø	11	

Key



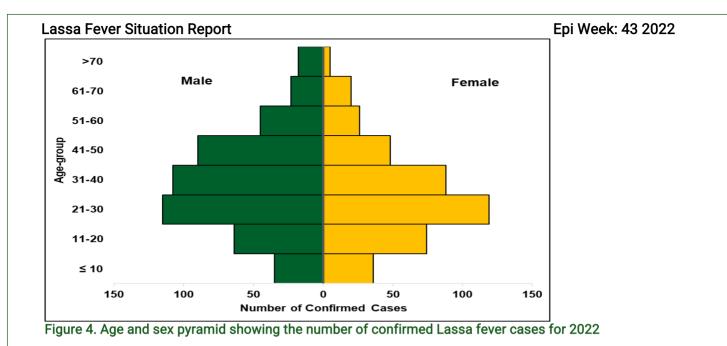
Lassa Fever Situation Report

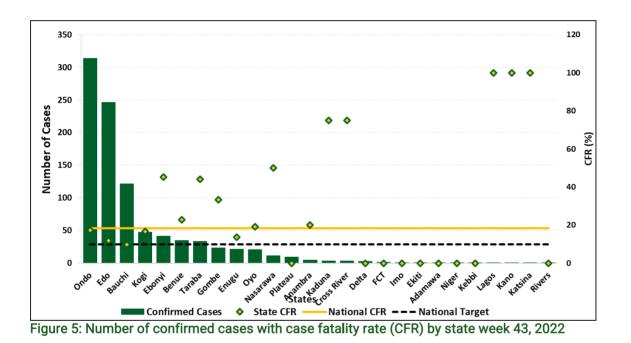
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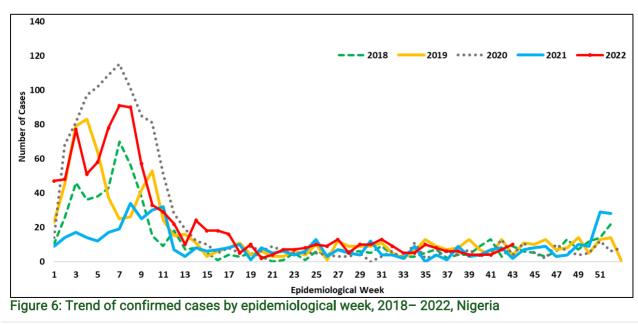
Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2022

			Curi	rentwe	ek: (W eek 43)		Cumulat	tive (Week 1	- 43)
	States	Cases				Deaths		Cases		Deaths
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable HCW *	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable HCW	* (Confirmed Cases)
1	Ondo	20	3	•			1452	314		1 54
2	Edo	66	6				2790	247		3 29
3	Bauchi	8					860	122	:	.6 12
4	Kogi						136	48		8
5	Ebonyi	2		•			265	42	1	3 19
6	Benue						273	35	2	3 8
7	Taraba						98	34	3	1 15
8	Gombe	2					249	24	8	2 8
9	Enugu						97	22		1 3
10	Оуо						116	21	14	4 4
11	Nasaraw a	1					122	12	5	6
12	Plateau	1					83	10		
13	Anambra	1					35	5		1
14	Kaduna						93	4	3	1 3
15	Cross River	1	1			1	17	4		3
16	Delta	2					78	3		
17	FCT						58	2		
	Imo						55	1		
19	Ekiti						4	1		
20	Adamawa	3					19	1		
21	Niger						13	1		
22	Kebbi						7	1		
23	Lagos						47	1		1
24	Kano						38	1		1
25	Katsina						17	1		1
26	Rivers						11	1		
27	Zam fara						5			
	Sokoto						3			
	Akwa Ibom						8			
	Osun						8		1	
	Yobe	1					29			
	Abia						20			
	Borno						20			
	Bayelsa						8			
	Jigaw a						9			
	0 gun						20			
	Kwara						14			
37							14			
	Total	108	10		0 0	1	7177	958	37 5	5 176









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Lassa Fever Situation Report Response activities

- Collaborated with World Health Organization (WHO), Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovation (CEPI), and Africa Centre for Disease Control (ACDC) in a workshop towards accelerating the licensure of Lassa fever Vaccines
- Implementation of Nigeria Lassa fever epidemiological Study supported by CEPI
- Implementation of human centred design risk communication activities in most affected States
- Supported Federal Ministry of Health and Irrua Specialist Teaching Hospital Edo State on training of health care workers for clinical management of Lassa fever
- Conducted sub-national Lassa fever surveillance and response intensive workshop
- Deployed of National Rapid Respond Teams (NRRT) to Nasarawa, FCT, Edo, Ondo, Bauchi, Ebonyi, Oyo, Taraba, and Benue to support the response to Lassa fever during the emergency phase
- Supported Lassa fever treatment centre with the engagement of adhoc data clerks to upload case management data on SORMAS
- Continuous distribution of medical response commodities to states and treatment centres across Nigeria
- Risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across states using television, radio, print, social media, and other strategies
- Implementation of Lassa fever environmental response campaign in high burden states by Federal Ministry of Environment
- State Public Health Emergency Operations Centre activated in affected States
- The Eight Lassa fever molecular laboratories in the NCDC network are working full capacity to ensure that all samples are tested, and results provided within the shortest turnaround time
- Confirmed cases are treated at designated treatment centres across the states
- Dissemination of reviewed case management and safe burial practices guidelines
- Dissemination of reviewed Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) guideline and health facility IPC advisory
- The 2022 National Emergency Operations Centre response mode was activated in January 2022 and de -escalated in May 2022
- Lassa fever TWG continues to provide effective multi-sectoral, multi-disciplinary coordination of Lassa fever response
- Lassa fever preparedness assessment carried out for 36 States and FCT at the onset of the outbreak
- Lassa fever alert letters sent to States at the onset of outbreak towards preparedness for the outbreak

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

• Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable

Lassa Fever Situation Report

RESOLVE BILL& MELIN GATES

Breakthrough ACTION

bleeding/hemorrhagia.

- **Confirmed case**: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- **Probable case**: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- **Contact:** Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

Calculations

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• Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only

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VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

For social mobilization <u>https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/83_1517222929.pdf</u> For LGA Rapid Response Team <u>https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/82_1517222811.pdf</u> Healthcare worker laboratory <u>https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/81_1517222763.pdf</u> For healthcare workers <u>https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/80_1517222586.pdf</u> For community informant <u>https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/79_1517222512.pdf</u>

NATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR LASSA FEVER CASE MANAGEMENT

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/92_1547068532.pdf VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC FEVER AND RESPONSE PLAN https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24_1502192155.pdf NATIONAL GUIDELINE FOR INFECTION, PREVENTION AND CONTROL FOR VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24_1502192155.pdf INFROMATION RESOURCE Nigeria Centre for Disease Control: www.ncdc.gov.ng