

www.ncdc.gov.ng



PLOT 800 EBITU UKIWE STREET, JABI ABUJA, NIGERIA. TOLL FREE CALL: 0800-970000-10. E: info@ncdc.gov.ng

ITUATION REPOR

@NCDCgov

Nigeria Centre For Disease Control (NCDC)

TITLE:	2019 LASSA FEVER OUTBREAK SITUATION REPORT
SERIAL NUMBER:	17
EPI-WEEK:	17
DATE:	28 th April 2019

HIGHLIGHTS

- In the reporting Week 17 (April 22 28th, 2019) 8 new confirmedⁱ cases were reported from four states Ondo(4), Taraba(1), Plateau(1) and Kebbi(2) states with one new death in Ondo state
- From 1st January to 28th April, 2019, a total of 2323 **suspectedⁱ cases** have been reported from 21 states. Of these, **554 were confirmed positive**, 15 probable and 1754 <u>negative</u> (not a case)
- Since the onset of the 2019 outbreak, there have been **124** deaths in confirmed cases. Case fatality ratio in confirmed cases is 22.4%
- Twenty-one (21) States (Edo, Ondo, Bauchi, Nasarawa, Ebonyi, Plateau, Taraba, FCT, Adamawa, Gombe, Kaduna, Kwara, Benue, Rivers, Kogi, Enugu, Imo, Delta, Oyo, Kebbi and Cross River) have recorded at least one confirmed case across 82 Local Government Areas- *Figure 1*
- 92% of all confirmed cases are from Edo(36%), Ondo(28%), Ebonyi(8%), Bauchi(8%), Taraba(7%) and Plateau(6%) states- *Figure 1*
- Predominant age-group affected is 21-40 years (Range: >1 month to 89 years, Median Age: 32 years) *Figure 6*
- The male to female ratio for confirmed cases is 1.2:1 Figure 6
- In the reporting week 17, one new health care worker was affected in Kebbi State. A total of eighteen health care workers have been infected since the onset of the outbreak in eight States Edo (7), Ondo (3), Ebonyi (2), Enugu (1), Rivers (1), Bauchi (1) Benue (1), Plateau (1) and Kebbi(1) with two deaths in Enugu and Edo States
- Thirteen (13) patients are currently being managed at various treatment centres across the country: Irrua Specialist Teaching Hospital(ISTH) treatment Centre (1), Federal Medical Centre Owo (6), Taraba (3), Kebbi(2) and Plateau (1)
- A total of **7219** contacts have been identified from 20 States. Of these 680(9.4%) are currently being followed up, 6475 (90%) have completed 21 days follow up, while 8(0.1%) were lost to follow up. 116(1.6%) symptomatic contacts have been identified, of which **56 (**0.8%) have tested positive
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Emergency Operations Centre(EOC) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels

🕂 giz betar be

ALIMAICRO

ß

WINDERST MARICALODC

BNITM



AFENET

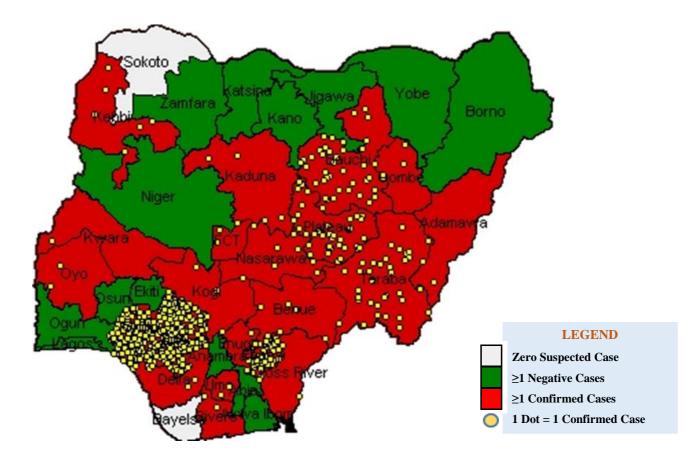


Figure 1. Distribution of Confirmed Lassa Fever cases in Nigeria as at 28th April, 2019

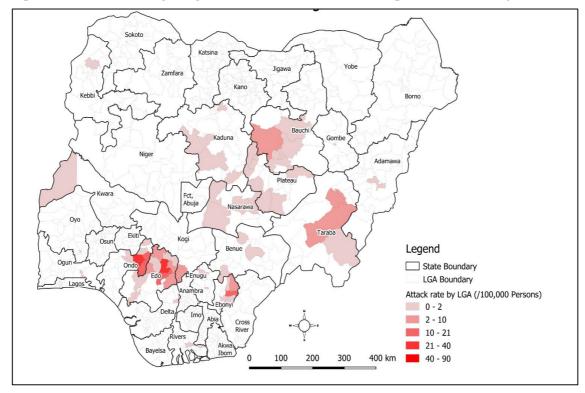


Figure 2. LGA attack rate of confirmed Lassa fever cases in Nigeria as at 28th April, 2019



... PROTECTING THE HEALTH OF NIGERIANS

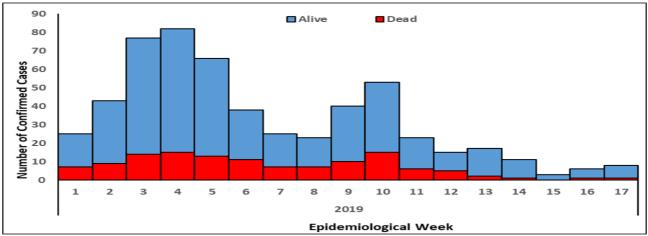


Figure 3. Epicurve of Lassa fever Confirmed (554) Cases in Nigeria - week 01-17, 2019

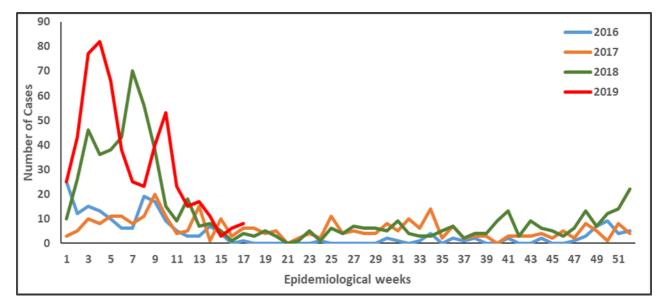


Figure 4. Weekly trends of Lassa fever Confirmed Cases in Nigeria, 2019/week 01-2019/week 17

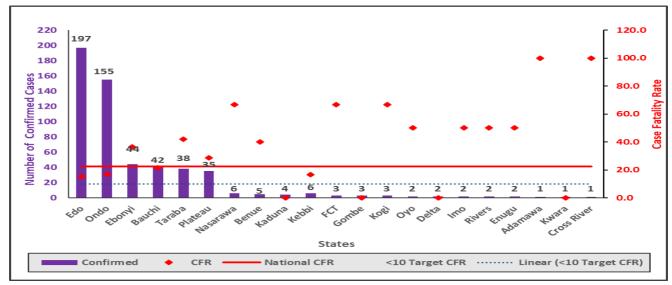


Figure 5. Confirmed Lassa fever cases in Nigeria with state specific Case Fatality Rates (CFR) as at 28th April, 2019



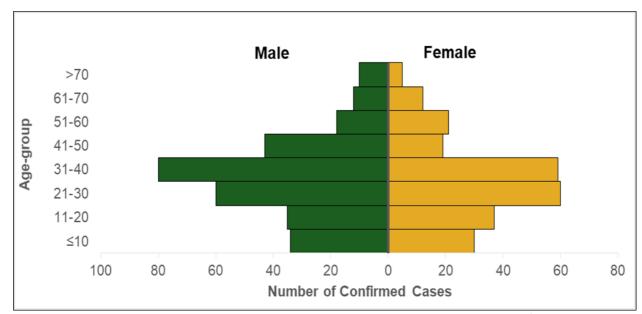


Figure 6. Age-Sex distribution of Confirmed Lassa fever cases in Nigeria as at 28th April, 2019

ALMAICRC







ⁱSuspected case describes any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.

^{*ii*}Any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)

ⁱⁱⁱAny suspected case (see definition above) who died without collection of specimen for laboratory testing

^{iv} "Active" means where there has been at least one confirmed case, and contacts within 21 days post exposure

<u>Disclaimer –</u> The information contained in this document is confidential, privileged and only for the intended recipient and may not be used, published or redistributed to the public. A redacted version is available on <u>http://ncdc.gov.ng/diseases/sitreps</u>