

Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention

Protecting the health of Nigerians

Epi Week: 47 2023

www.ncdc.gov.ng

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Lassa Fever Situation Report

Epi Week 47: 20th – 26th November 2023

Key Points

Table 1: Summary of the current week (47), cumulative Epi week 1- 47, 2023 and comparison with the previous year (2022)

Reporting Period	Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Probable cases	Deaths (Confirmed cases)	Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	States and LGAs affected (Confirmed cases)
Current week (week 47)	122	11	0	3	27.3%	State(s):4 LGA(s): 7
2023 Cumulative (week 1-47)	8423	1154	9	197	17.1%	State(s): 28 LGA(s): 114
2022 Cumulative (week 47)	7591	993	37	184	18.5%	State(s):26 LGA(s):108

Highlights

- In week 47, the number of new confirmed cases decreased from 17 in epi week 46, 2023 to 11 cases. These were reported in Edo, Ondo, Bauchi, and Taraba States (Table 3)
- Cumulatively from week 1 to week 47, 2023, 197 deaths have been reported with a case fatality rate (CFR) of 17.1% which is lower than the CFR for the same period in 2022 (18.5%)
- In total for 2023, 28 States have recorded at least one confirmed case across 114 Local Government Areas (Figures 2 and 3)
- Seventy-six (76%) of all confirmed Lassa fever cases were reported from these three states (Ondo, Edo, and Bauchi) while 24% were reported from 25 states with confirmed Lassa fever cases. Of the 76% confirmed cases, Ondo reported 35%, Edo 29%, and Bauchi 12%
- The predominant age group affected is 21-30 years (Range: 1 to 93 years, Median Age: 32 years). The male-to-female ratio for confirmed cases is 1:0.9 (Figure 4)
- The number of suspected cases increased compared to that reported for the same period in 2022.
- No new Healthcare worker was affected in the reporting week 47.
- National Lassa fever multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues coordinating the response activities at all levels.

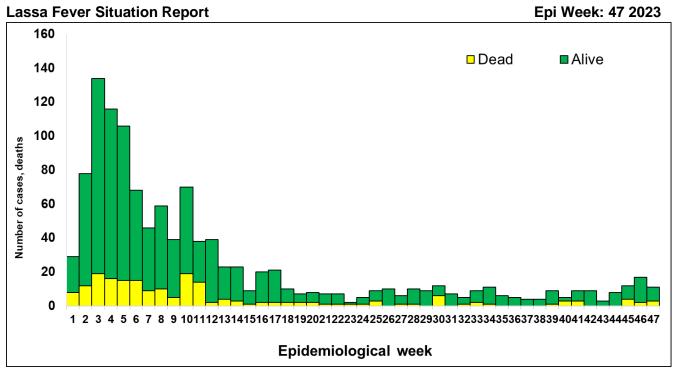


Figure 1. Confirmed Lassa fever cases in Nigeria epidemiological week 1, 2023 to week 47, 2023

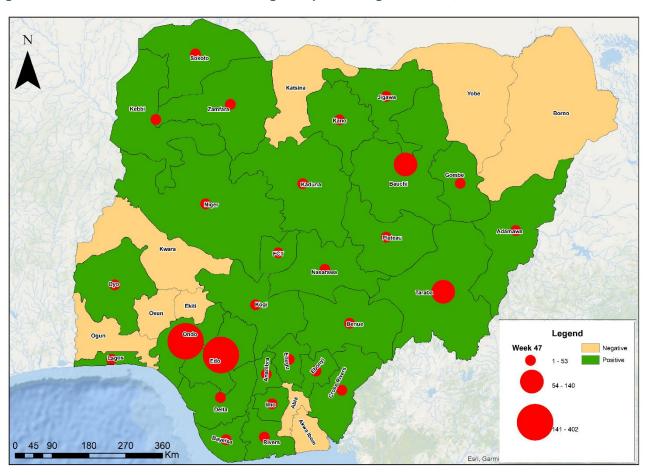


Figure 2. Confirmed Lassa fever cases by States in Nigeria, week 47, 2023

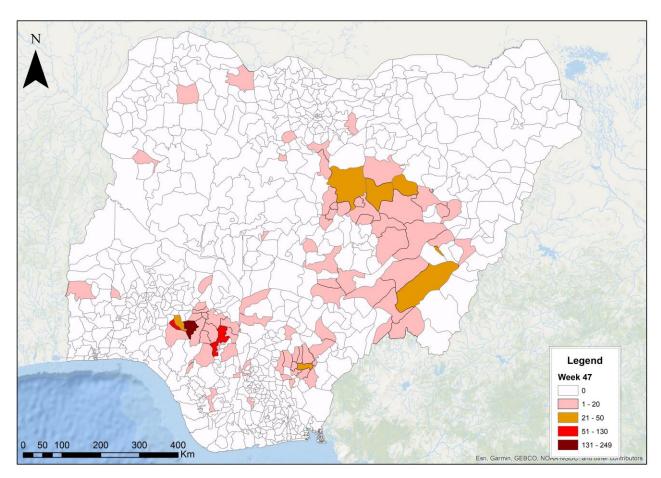


Figure 3. Confirmed Lassa fever rate per 100,000 population for LGAs in Nigeria, week 47, 2023

Table 2: Key indicators for current week 2023 and trend compared to the previous week, Nigeria

Symptomatic contacts	Number for current week	Trend from previous week	Cumulative number for 2023	
Probable cases	0	←→	9	
Health Care Worker affected	0	←→	51	
Cases managed at the treatment centres	8	8 ↓		
Contact tracing	•			
Cumulative contact listed	0	\	4413	
Contacts under follow up	5	↓	5	
Contacts completed follow up	0	←→	4405	
Symptomatic contacts	0	←→	109	
Positive contacts	0	←→	43	
Contacts lost to follow up	0	←→	0	



Table 3. Weekly and Cumulative number of suspected and confirmed cases for 2023

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			Curr	47)	Cumulative (Week 1 - 47)						
	s	Cases				Deaths	Cases				Deaths	
	States	Suspected	Confirmed	Trend	Probable HO	w*	(Confirmed Cases)	Suspected	Confirmed	Probable	HCW*	(Confirmed Cases)
1	Ondo	42	3					2477	404	1	18	45
2	Edo	49	4	A				3245	333	2	5	44
3	Bauchi	8	3	▼			3	887	141	1	9	27
4	Taraba	3	1	A				298	96		6	31
5	Ebonyi	4						322	52	1	3	30
6	Benue							189	38	2	1	4
7	Plateau							97	16		1	2
8	Nasarawa	3						157	15		5	2
9	Kogi							47	11		1	1
10	Gombe	5						73	9			2
11	Kano	1		V				62	6			
12	Enugu							41	5			1
13	Оуо							54	4			1
14	Jigawa							23	3			
	Anambra							40	3		1	2
16	Bayelsa							40	2			1
17	Fct	4						63	2			
18	Lagos							26	2			
19	Delta							43	2		1	
20	Cross River							27	2			1
21	Sokoto							7	1			
22	Kebbi							4	1			1
23	Zamfara							6	1			
24	Adamawa							16	1			
25	Niger							5	1			
26	Rivers							15	1			
27	Kaduna							40	1			
28	Imo							18	1			2
29	Borno							6				
30	Katsina	1						6				
31	Abia							14				
32	Akwa Ibom							4				
33	Yobe							8				
34	Ekiti							16				
35	Ogun	1						25		2		
36	Kwara	1						14				
37	Osun							8				
	Total	122	11	\blacksquare	0	0	3	8423	1154	9	51	197

	Key
V	Decrease
lack	Increase

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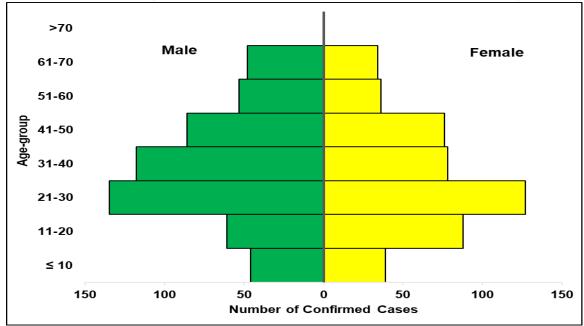


Figure 4. Age and sex pyramid showing the number of confirmed Lassa fever cases for 2023

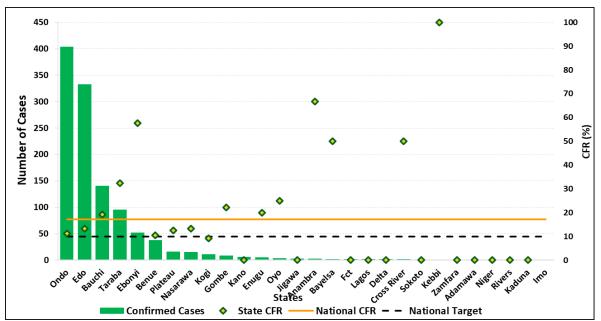


Figure 5: Number of confirmed cases with case fatality rate (CFR) by state week 47, 2023

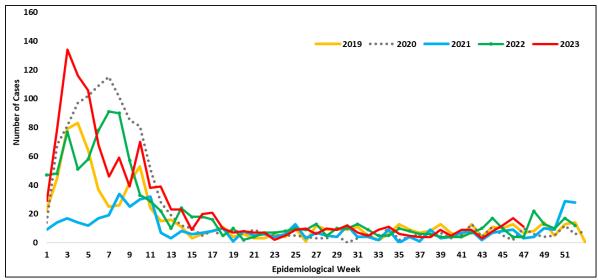


Figure 6: Trend of confirmed cases by epidemiological week, 2019-2023, Nigeria

Response activities

- Commenced the Lassa fever webinar series
- Participated in National Enhanced Situational Awareness (ESA) Project Implementation Workshop

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- Serve as secretariat for continuous support to the Emergency Task Force inaugurated for Lassa fever vaccine
- Concluded the pilot of LF Clinical Management Fellowship with support from GU and CDC
- Conducted 2023 After Action Review with support from CDC, IHVN and WHO; with report shared with stakeholders
- Conducted one-day Accelerating Lassa fever Vaccine workshop with CEPI and key stakeholders, experts and policy makers
- De-escalation of the IMS/EOC
- Finalized plans structure and modules to pilot case management fellowship with support from GU and CDC
- Conducted risk assessment in preparation for de-escalation of the response and/or deactivation of the IMS/EOC.
- Conducted a three-day LF Human-Centred Design synthesis workshop with support from BA-N.
- Off-site coordination support to states
- Engagement with CEPI on proposed visit to Nigeria towards LF vaccine development/clinical trials
- Coordinated LF Colloquium & workshop with support from UCL and Jhpiego to develop a 5-year LF research agenda
- Updating IPC focal persons database
- Engagement of surge staff at treatment centres
- Identification and Assessment of treatment centres
- Intensive response activities through a one-health approach in affected LGAs
- Designed a tool to collect geo-points for all Lassa fever confirmed cases in the States
- Update of VHF Case Investigation Form (CIF) database
- Enhanced surveillance (contact tracing and active case finding) in affected states.
- Monitoring of outbreak emergency composite indicators to guide action
- Implementation of targeted risk communication activities in most affected States
- Diagnosis of all samples in the Eight Lassa fever testing laboratories across the country
- External Quality Assurance (EQA) panel preparation for all testing laboratories ongoing
- Dissemination of reviewed IPC guideline, health facility IPC advisory and healthcare worker advisories
- Deployed NRRT to 6 states Bauchi, Benue, Ebonyi, Edo, Ondo & Taraba
- Periodic implementation of vector control measures in Edo and Ondo States
- Sent Lassa fever alert letters to Governors' forum, State Ministries of Health, professional bodies (NMA, MDCAN, NARD, NDA, MWAN, AGPMPN, AMLSN, NANNM) etc.
- Conducted Lassa fever risk assessment
- Confirmed cases are treated at identified treatment centres across the states.
- Dissemination of reviewed case management and safe burial practices guidelines
- 1st Draft of protocol for identification and management of LF in pregnant women completed
- Mortality review of Lassa fever deaths
- In-depth investigation of healthcare worker infections
- External Quality Assurance (EQA) panel preparation for all testing laboratories ongoing
- Distribution of response commodities -PPEs, Ribavirin (injection and tablets) body-bags, thermometers, hypochlorite hand sanitizers, IEC materials distributed to states and treatment centres.
- Implementation of Nigeria Lassa fever epidemiological Study supported by CEPI
- Multi-sectoral Public Health Emergency Operation Centres (PHEOC) activated at the National and affected States

Challenges

- · Late presentation of cases leading to an increase in CFR
- Poor health-seeking behaviour due to the high cost of treatment and clinical management of Lassa fever

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- · Poor environmental sanitation conditions observed in high-burden communities
- · Poor awareness observed in high-burden communities

Notes on this report

Data Source

Information for this disease was case-based data retrieved from the National Lassa fever Emergency Operations Centre.

Case definitions

- Suspected case: any individual presenting with one or more of the following: malaise, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, myalgia, chest pain, hearing loss and either a. History of contact with excreta or urine of rodents b. History of contact with a probable or confirmed Lassa fever case within a period of 21 days of onset of symptoms OR Any person with inexplicable bleeding/hemorrhagia.
- Confirmed case: any suspected case with laboratory confirmation (positive IgM antibody, PCR or virus isolation)
- Probable case: any suspected case (see definition above) who died or absconded without collection of specimen for laboratory testing
- Contact: Anyone who has been exposed to an infected person, or to an infected person's secretions, excretions, or tissues within three weeks of last contact with a confirmed or probable case of Lassa fever

Calculations

Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only

VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

For social mobilisation https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/83_1517222929.pdf
For LGA Rapid Response Team https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/82_1517222811.pdf
Healthcare worker laboratory https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/81_1517222763.pdf
For community informant https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/80_1517222586.pdf
For community informant https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/vhfs/80_1517222586.pdf

NATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR LASSA FEVER CASE MANAGEMENT

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/92_1547068532.pdf

VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC FEVER AND RESPONSE PLAN

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24 1502192155.pdf

NATIONAL GUIDELINE FOR INFECTION, PREVENTION AND CONTROL FOR VIRAL HAEMORRAGHIC FEVER

https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/docs/protocols/24_1502192155.pdf

INFORMATION RESOURCE

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