Issue: Volume 9 No. 37. 27th September, 2019





Protecting the health of Nigerians

Weekly Epidemiological Report Week 37: 9th – 15th September, 2019

Highlight of the Week

Building Human Resource for Health Security: NCDC Zonal RRT Training.



In line with the Nigeria Centre for Disease Control (NCDC) five-year strategic plan and as part of the requirements of the International Health Regulations (IHR), workforce development at all levels remains a top priority. For the year 2019, our target is to have a One-Health oriented Rapid Response Team (RRT) in every state in Nigeria.

To achieve this, NCDC began a Zonal RRT training on Health Emergency Preparedness and Response, through the World Bank Regional Disease Surveillance System Enhancement project (REDISSSE). Through this training, we are supporting states in establishing their RRTs. The goal is to reinforce the capacity and skills of inter-disciplinary RRT and their individual members for early detection and effective response to public health events, irrespective of origin or source as a team. The teams being trained are expected to cascade the training to other health workers in their respective states, ensuring that all states in Nigeria have adequate personnel that can be mobilised quickly for outbreak response.

With full participation of all states' RRT from the North-West zone, *the fourth zonal RRT training held from September 16-20 2019 in Kaduna state, Nigeria.* Till date, 232 state level officers have been trained across 26 states in Nigeria. Our goal is to complete the RRT training in the remaining two zones (South-East and South-South) before the end of 2019.

In states where these training have been completed, the skills acquired are now being consistently applied in the management of public health emergencies.

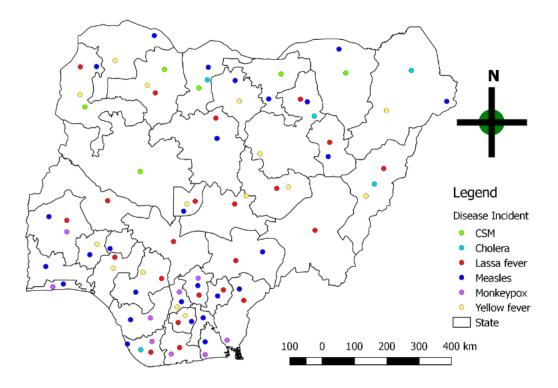
The Nigeria Centre for Disease Control remains committed to supporting states in building a strong public health workforce capable of providing quick and effective response to public health threats. The zonal RRT training has begun to yield key results, contributing to national health security.

Summary of Incidents



Ongoing Incidents are defined as confirmed cases where a national EOC or equivalent has been activated (EOC is currently activated for Yellow Fever)

Other incidents are those confirmed cases for which EOC is not activated



Data source: SITAware

Summary

Week 37: 9th – 15th September 2019

Lassa Fever _{1,2}	Cerebrospinal Meningitis (CSM) _{3,4}	Yellow Fever _{3,4}
63	23	117
Suspected cases	Suspected cases	Suspected cases
7	0	0
Confirmed case(s)	Confirmed cases	Confirmed cases
2	0	3
Death(s)	Death(s)	Death(s)
Cholera _{3,4}	Measles _{3,4}	Monkeypox _{1,4}
21	327	4
Suspected cases	Suspected cases	Suspected case(s)
0	0	2
Confirmed cases	Confirmed cases	Confirmed cases
0	1	0
Death(s)	Death(s)	Death(s)
Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP) _{3,4}	National Sentinel influenza surveillance₅	
109 Suspected cases	0 Suspected cases	
0 Confirmed Polio	0 Confirmed cases	

Timeliness	Completeness
of reports₃	of reports₃
92.5%	97.3%
Last 4 weeks	Last 4 weeks
89%	99%
Year to date	Year to date

Notes

- 1. Information for this disease was retrieved from the Technical Working Group and Situation Reports
- 2. Case Fatality Rate (CFR) for this disease is reported for confirmed cases only
- 3. Information for this disease was retrieved from IDSR 002 data
- 4. CFR for this disease is reported for total cases i.e. suspected + confirmed
- 5. Information for sentinel influenza was retrieved from the laboratory

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Lassa Fever

Week 37

Suspected		Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
cases	cases	2	State: 11 + FCT
63	7		LGA: 15

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

Susp cas			irmed ses	Dea	aths	CI	FR
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
2559	3728	506	694	133	149	26.3%	21.3%

Figure 1: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of Lassa Fever, Nigeria, Week 1 – 37, 2019

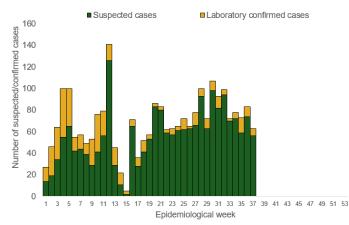
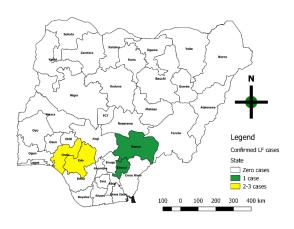


Figure 2: Location of <u>confirmed</u> cases of Lassa Fever by state, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

There were 63 suspected cases of Lassa Fever (LF) reported from 15 LGAs in 11 states and FCT (Edo -30, Ondo -14, Ebonyi -3, Bauchi -7, Nasarawa -1, Plateau -2, FCT -1, Kwara -1, Gombe -1, Kaduna -1, Benue -1 & Kogi -1). There were seven confirmed cases and two deaths were recorded

Actions

To date:

- National LF multi-partner, multi-sectoral Technical Working Group (TWG) continues to coordinate the response activities at all levels
- Visits to Bauchi, Taraba and Plateau states to assess the Lassa Fever treatment centers
- Implementation of targeted risk communication and enhanced surveillance activities in affected states
- Lassa fever now being diagnosed in the five LF testing laboratories across the country

- Conduct a meeting to finalise the LF psycho-social guideline in October 2019
- Review LF case management and surveillance tools and SOPs in October 2019

Cerebrospinal Meningitis (CSM)

Week 37

Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
23	0	0	State: 7 LGA: 12

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

Susp cas			irmed ses	Dea	aths	CF	-R
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
4277	1636	318	101	356	74	8.3%	4.5%

Figure 3: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of CSM, Nigeria, week 1 – 37, 2019

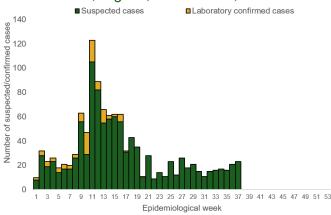
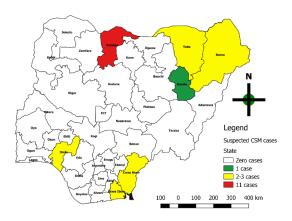


Figure 4: Location of suspected cases of CSM by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

There were 23 suspected cases of Cerebrospinal Meningitis (CSM) reported from 12 LGAs in seven states (Akwa Ibom - 2, Borno – 2, Cross river – 2, Gombe – 1, Katsina – 11, Ondo – 2 & Yobe – 3). None was laboratory confirmed and no death was recorded

Actions

To date:

• The National CSM TWG meets weekly to review reports from states and plan appropriately

- Conduct After Action Review (AAR)
- Harmonise surveillance and laboratory data
- Establish a mechanism for getting weekly feedback from states

Yellow Fever

Week 37

Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
117	0	3	State: 26 + FCT LGA: 73

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

	ected ses		irmed ses	Dea	aths	CI	FR
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
1902	2586	7	48	1	60	0.1%	2.3%

Figure 5: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of Yellow Fever, Nigeria, week 1 – 37, 2019

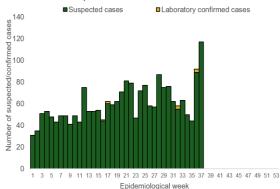
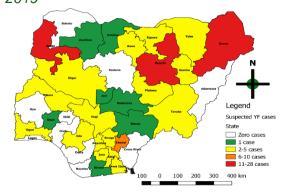


Figure 6: Location of suspected cases of Yellow Fever by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

There were 117 suspected cases of Yellow Fever (YF) reported from 73 LGAs in 26 states and FCT. None was laboratory confirmed and three deaths were recorded Actions

To date:

- A national multiagency YF Incident Management System (IMS) is coordinating response activities
- Reactive mass vaccination campaigns have been concluded in Ebonyi and Bauchi states while it is ongoing in Dan Musa LGA of Katsina state
- National Rapid Response Team (RRT) was deployed to Bauchi state to support outbreak response
- The Ebonyi, Katsina, Bauchi, Gombe and Borno states' Incident Coordination Centres are leading the outbreak investigation with support from the national team (NCDC) and WHO

- Continue on-site and off-site support to affected states
- · Follow up with ICG request for the vaccination of the affected states
- Scale up risk communication activities, advisories and press release

Cholera

Week 37

Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
21	0	0	State: 2 LGA: 4

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

Suspe cas			irmed ses	Dea	aths	CF	FR
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
38623	2473	736	270	944	38	2.4%	1.5%

Figure 7: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of Cholera, Nigeria, week 1 – 37, 2019

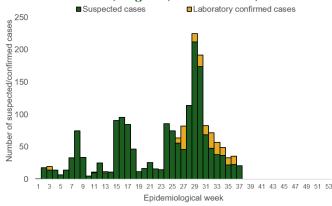
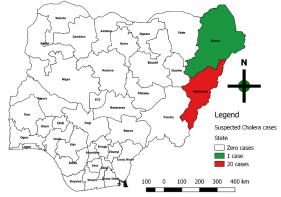


Figure 8: Location of suspected cases of Cholera by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

There were 21 suspected cases of Cholera reported from four LGAs in two states (Adamawa – 20 & Borno – 1). None was laboratory confirmed and no death was recorded

Actions

To date:

- The national Cholera TWG continues to coordinate activities in states in collaboration with the Federal Ministry of Water Resources (FMWR) and support from partners
- Adamawa state EOC continues to coordinate response activities with support from partners **Planned**:
 - · Follow up with states with active outbreak and monitoring of non-reporting states
 - Review Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for sample management and testing

Measles

Week 37

Suspected	Confirmed	Deaths	Number of States
cases	cases		and LGAs affected
327	0	1	State: 29 LGA: 140

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

-	ected ses		irmed ses	Dea	aths	C	FR
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
14082	54902	15	2089	133	275	0.8%	0.5%

Figure 11: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of Measles, Nigeria, week 1 – 37, 2019

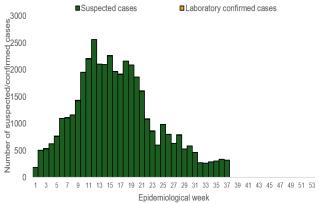
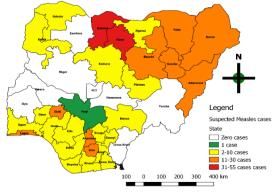


Figure 12: Location of suspected cases of Measles by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

There were 327 suspected cases of measles reported from 140 LGAs in 29 states. None was laboratory confirmed and one death was recorded

Actions

To date:

- The measles TWG is closely monitoring surveillance data and response activities across the country
- The TWG is working closely with NPHCDA towards measles Supplemental Immunization Activity in Nigeria

- Continue the review of measles surveillance data across the country
- Finalise and validate measles/rubella surveillance guideline

Monkeypox

Week 37

Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
4	2	0	State: 2 LGA: 2

Year to date (week 1 - 37)

Susp cas	ected ses		irmed ses	Dea	aths	CF	-R
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
86	69	38	33	1	2	1.2%	2.9%

Figure 13: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of Monkeypox, Nigeria, week 1–37, 2019

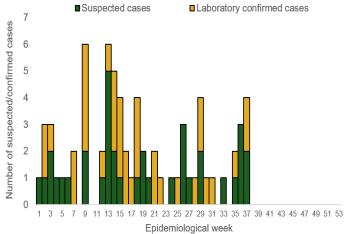
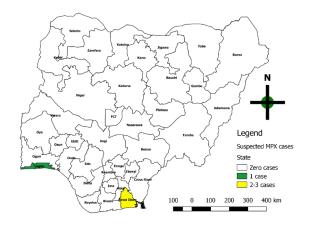


Figure 14: Location of suspected cases of Monkeypox by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

- There were four suspected cases of monkeypox reported this week in Akwa Ibom (3) and Lagos (1) states. There were two confirmed cases and no death was recorded
- This is the first time Akwa Ibom state is reporting a case this year

Actions

To date:

- The national monkeypox TWG is monitoring and coordinating response activities across the states
- Surveillance has been enhanced in all affected states
- Offsite support is being given to affected states

- Train clinicians in Ughelli and Warri, Delta state on monkeypox case management in October 2019
- Conduct regional monkeypox case management and surveillance training in South-East, South-West and North-Central Zones in October, 2019

Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP)

Week 37

Suspected cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths	Number of States and LGAs affected
109	0	0	State: 31 + FCT LGA: 93

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

Susp cas			irmed ses	Dea	aths	CI	-R
2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
6136	4730	0	0	0	0	0%	0%

Figure 15: Number of suspected and confirmed cases of AFP, Nigeria, week 1– 37, 2019

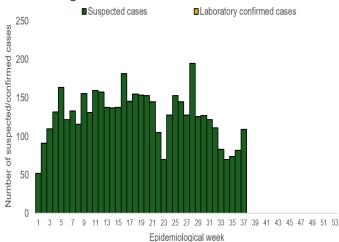
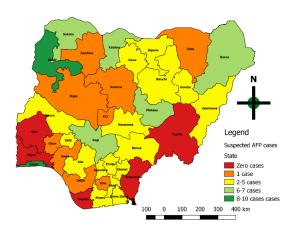


Figure 16: Location of suspected cases of AFP by State, Nigeria, week 37, 2019



Key points

• There were 109 suspected cases of AFP were reported from 93 LGAs in 31 states and FCT. None was laboratory confirmed and no death was recorded

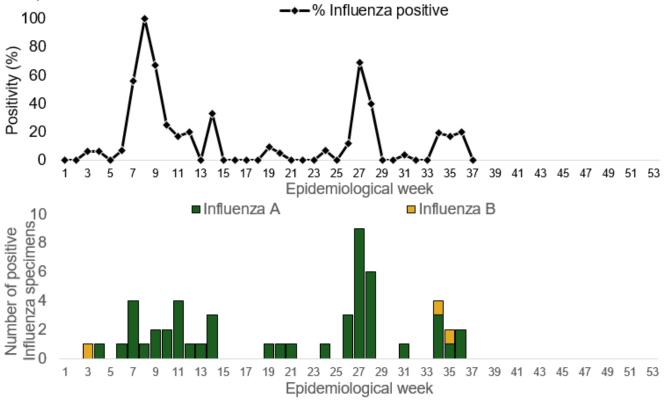
National Influenza Sentinel Surveillance

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

	Suspected cases	Suspected ILI	Suspected SARI
Number (<i>Percentage</i>)	422	382 (90.5%)	40 (9.5%)

	Confirmed cases		Confir	ned ILI	Confirm	ed SARI
	Influenza A	Influenza B	Influenza A	Influenza B	Influenza A	Influenza B
Number	53	3	49	3	4	0
Positivity (%)	13%	0.8%	13.3%	0.3%	11%	0%

Figure 17: Number of influenza positive specimens by type and percent positive by epidemiological week, 2019



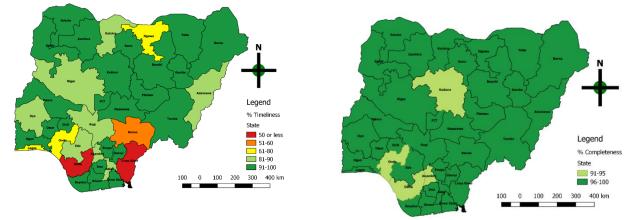
Key points

- The subtypes A seasonal H3 and A/not subtyped account for 43 (87.8%) and 6 (12.2%) of the total influenza A positive sample respectively
- The B Not subtyped account for 3 (100%) of the total influenza B positive sample

Timeliness and Completeness of Reports

Last 4 weeks (week 34 - 37, 2019)

Figure 18: A – Timeliness by State (%); B – Completeness by State (%), week 34 – 37, 2019



Number of reports received on time, late or not received, the percentage timeliness and completeness, in the last 4 weeks and year to date

Nigeria Total Reports	Last 4 weeks Week 34 – 37	Year to date Week 1- 37
Reports sent on time	137	1217
Reports sent late	6	144
Reports not received	4	8
Timeliness	92.5%	89%
Completeness	97.3%	99%

States with reports not received in 2019 (week 1 – 37)

State	Week(s) report not received
Delta	8, 10, 12
Imo	36
Kaduna	35, 36
Ogun Ovo	36
Оуо	37

Timeliness and Completeness of Reports by State

Year to date (week 1 – 37)

State	Timeliness (%)	Completeness (%)
Abia	86	100
Adamawa	89	100
Akwa Ibom	95	100
Anambra	89	100
Bauchi	92	100
Bayelsa	100	100
Benue	57	100
Borno	89	100
Cross River	46	100
Delta	51	92
Ebonyi	97	100
Edo	86	100
Ekiti	100	100
Enugu	95	100
FCT	100	100
Gombe	95	100
Imo	89	97
Jigawa	76	100
Kaduna	92	95
Kano	100	100
Katsina	89	100
Kebbi	95	100
Kogi	89	100
Kwara	97	100
Lagos	81	100
Nasarawa	95	100
Niger	89	100
Ogun	95	100
Ondo	73	100
Osun	100	100
Oyo	86	97
Plateau	92	100
Rivers	92	100
Sokoto	100	100
Taraba Yobe	95 100	100 100
Zamfara		100
Zamara	97	100